



"If the government feels the dire need to implement such preferential policy, it should exempt devices that are used in critical health conditions where quality and safety cannot be compromised," the association said.

"The government should also mandate requirement of 3-year market presence and verification of financial standing of bidders in order to ensure their credibility. In this, global standards of certification / quality management and product standards such as USFDA approval / CE mark / CDSCO standards should be adhered to," it added.

It is important to note that huge costs are incurred by innovation-based companies in ensuring safety and efficacy of medical devices and therefore these costs should be considered for calculating the percentage of local content, MTal said. "The costs are being incurred on activities like R&D, cold chain management, and maintenance in India, which generate local employment and hence should be included in calculation of local content," the association added.

MTal said the government should also exempt all procurements by premium research institutes, teaching institutes, tertiary hospitals of Central or State Government such as AIIMS, SGPGI, PGIMER, Sree Chitra, Army Research and Referral, Railways and Defense Departments from the purview of the order.

"Since the basic objective of these research Institutes and hospitals is to train the clinicians on use of medical devices, new technologies and do research on new therapies, preferential procurement provisions for such institutions will limit their reach to most latest and cutting edge technology for want of local content," MTal said.